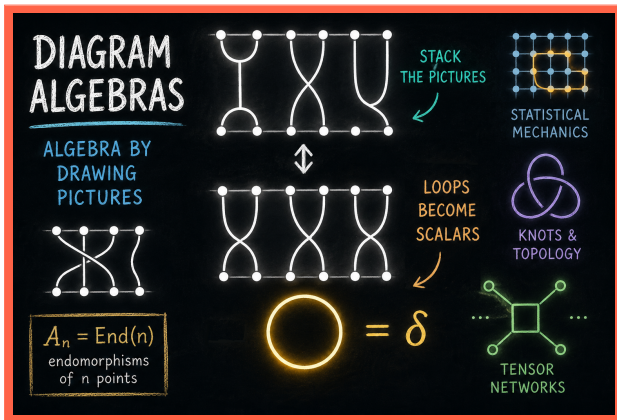


Diagram algebras - part 1?

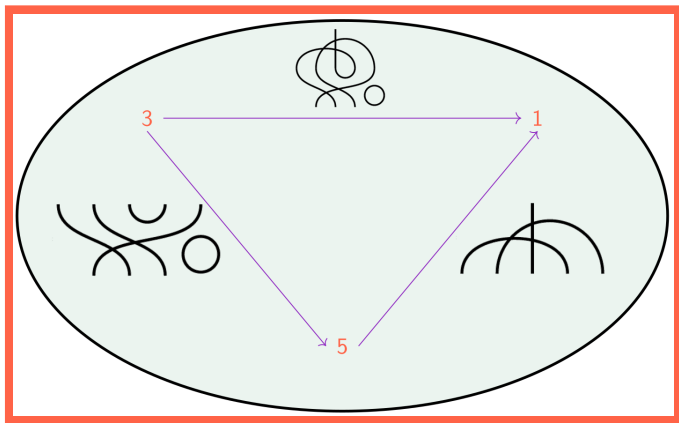
Or: Algebra by drawing pictures

What is a diagram algebra?



- **Basis elements** are pictures, not polynomials or matrices
- **Multiplication** means stack diagrams and simplify the middle
- **Slogan** Pictures compute: loops become scalars, crossings remember symmetry

Diagram categories come first



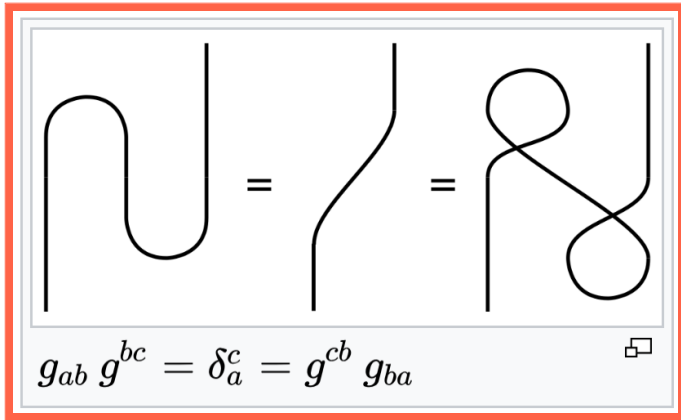
- **Objects** are usually numbers of boundary points
- **Two operations** vertical stacking = composition, horizontal stacking = tensor product
- **Algebras** appear as endomorphism algebras: $A_n = \text{End}(n)$

The zoo: change the allowed pictures

Symbol	Diagrams	Big reps	Symbol	Diagrams	Big reps
$p\mathcal{P}a_n$		YES*	$\mathcal{P}a_n$		YES*_c
$\mathcal{M}o_n$		YES_c	$\mathcal{R}o\mathcal{B}r_n$		YES*_c
$\mathcal{T}\mathcal{L}_n$		YES	$\mathcal{B}r_n$		YES*
$p\mathcal{R}o_n$		YES*	$\mathcal{R}o_n$		YES*
$p\mathcal{S}_n$		EX	$\mathcal{S}_n$		NO

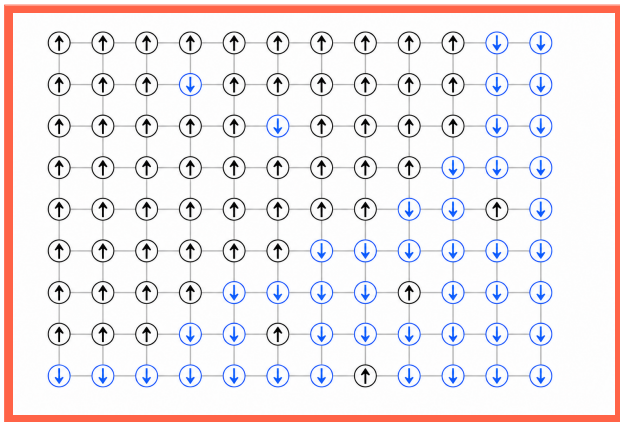
- **Planar** Temperley–Lieb (TL): no crossings, only pairings
- **Crossings** Brauer: pairings with permutation-like middle pieces
- **Bigger components** Partition, rook, Motzkin, blob, affine, decorated variants

Why care? Appearances outside algebra



- ▶ Statistical mechanics Transfer matrices, loop models, Potts/XXZ flavor
- ▶ Topology Kauffman bracket, Jones polynomial, subfactor diagrams
- ▶ Tensor calculus Networks, traces, invariant tensors, graphical computations

Roadmap: where the series is going



-
- ▶ **A** Stacking pictures: TL, Brauer, partition, rook, Motzkin, blob
 - ▶ **B** Applications: statistical mechanics, knots, tensor networks, invariants
 - ▶ **C** Structure: centralizers, sandwiches, semisimplicity, growth

Thank you for your attention!

I hope that was of some help.