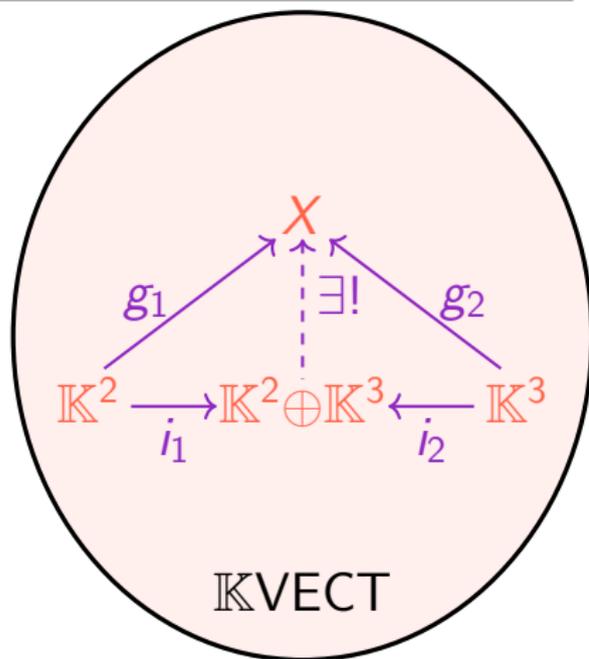
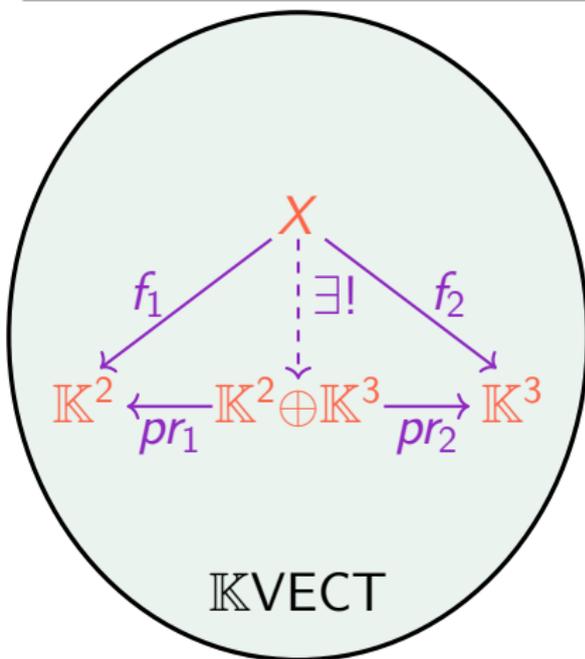


What are...products and coproducts?

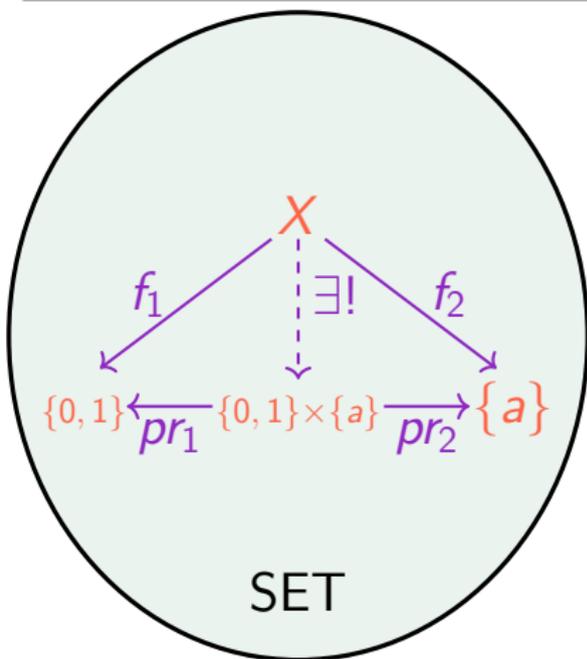
Or: Vector spaces rock!

Vector spaces are nice

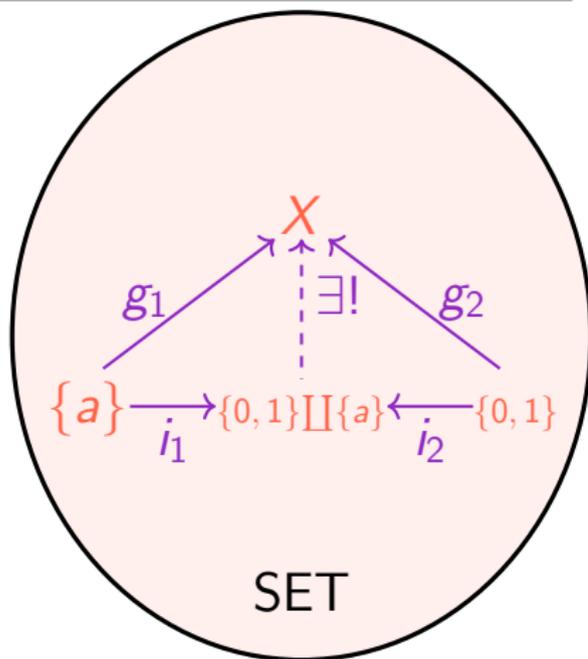


- ▶ Every map into $X \oplus Y$ is uniquely determined by what it does on X, Y
- ▶ Every map from $X \oplus Y$ is uniquely determined by what it does on X, Y
- ▶ No other \mathbb{K} -vector space has these properties

Sets are not quite as nice



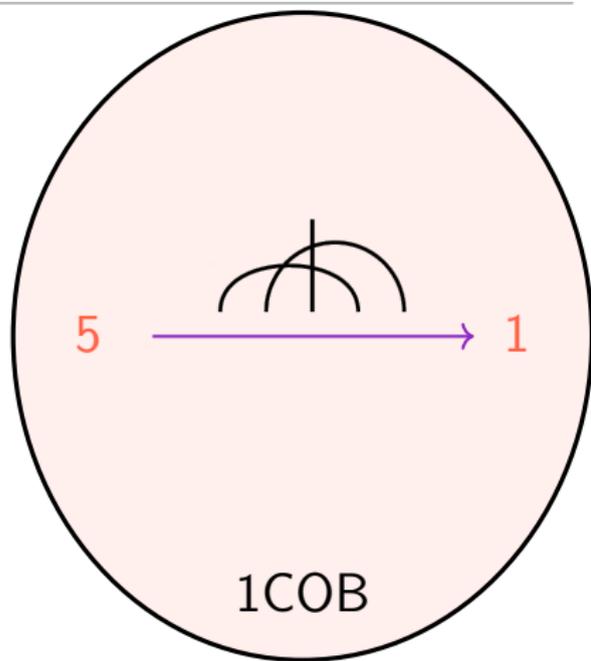
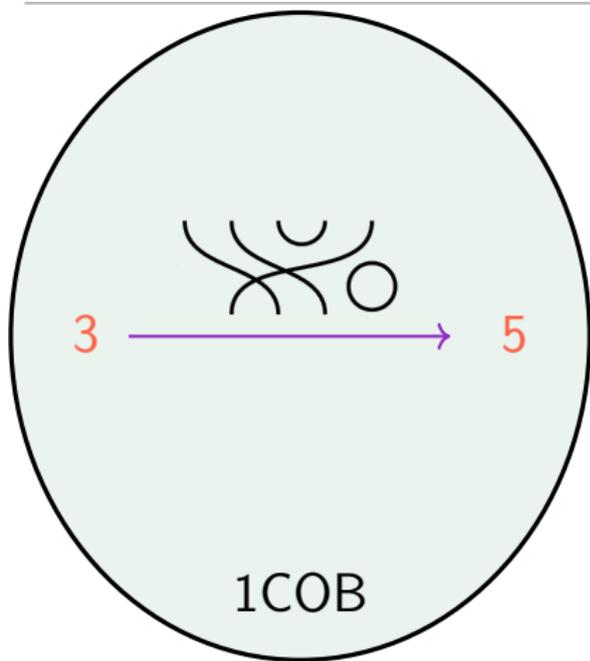
SET



SET

- ▶ Every map into $X \times Y$ is uniquely determined by what it does on X, Y
- ▶ Every map from $X \amalg Y$ is uniquely determined by what it does on X, Y
- ▶ No other sets have these properties

Cobordism lack structure

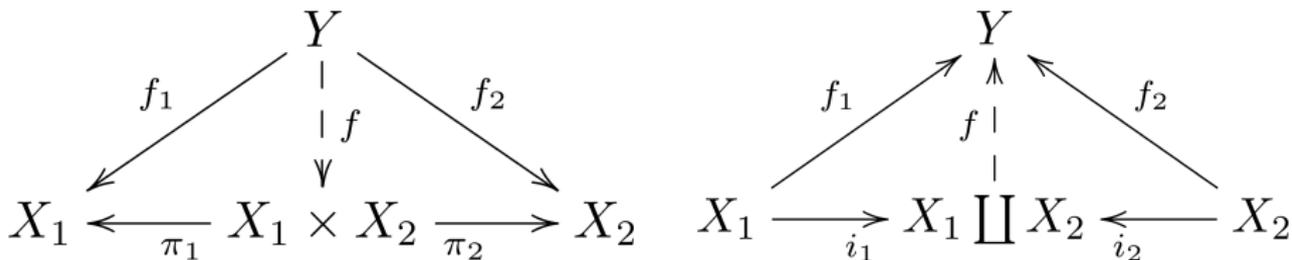


- ▶ No object can split ingoing cobordisms into left and right
- ▶ No object can split outgoing cobordisms into left and right
- ▶ No object of 1COB qualifies as a (co)product

For completeness: A formal definition

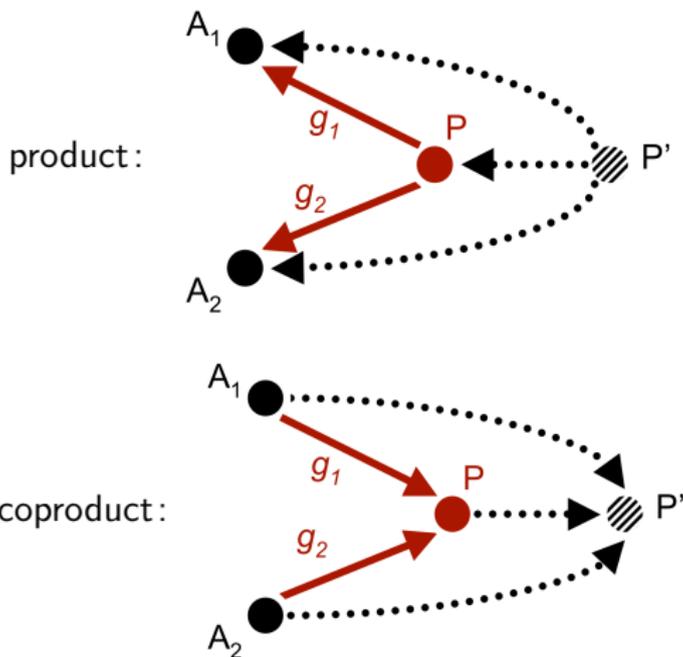
An object $X_1 \times X_2 / X_1 \amalg X_2$ together with arrows $\pi_1, \pi_2 / i_1, i_2$ is...

- ▶ ...a **product** if the universal property given by the left diagram below holds
- ▶ ...a **coproduct** if the universal property given by the right diagram below holds
- ▶ ...a **direct sum** if its a product and a coproduct



- ▶ These might not exist
- ▶ If they exist, then they are unique up to unique isomorphism
- ▶ The notions product and coproduct are dual, so direct sum is self-dual

Beware infinities!



These can be defined for arbitrary many “factors”, but:

- ▶ For \mathbb{K} VECT these do not agree in general
- ▶ But no worries: for finitely many factors they still agree

Thank you for your attention!

I hope that was of some help.