

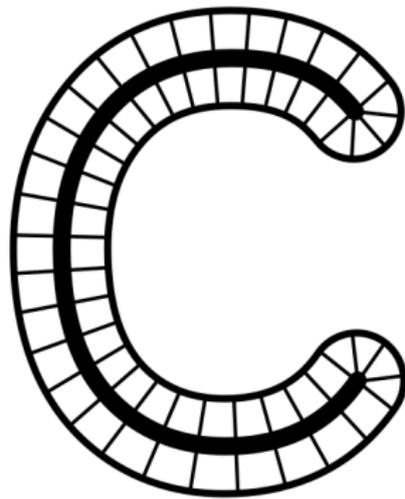
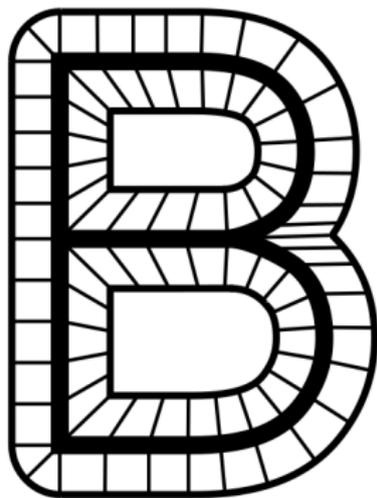
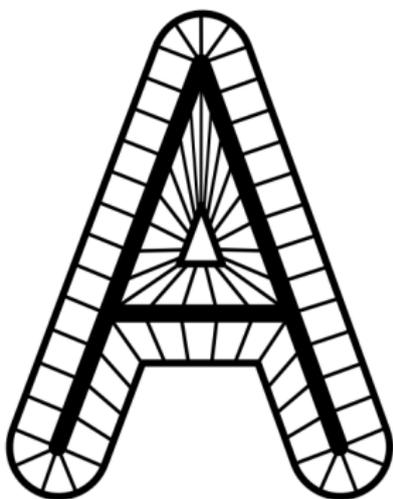
**What is...homotopy?**

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Or: The same shape!?

## The homotopy types of the Latin alphabet

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Homotopy types of the graphs underlying the alphabet:

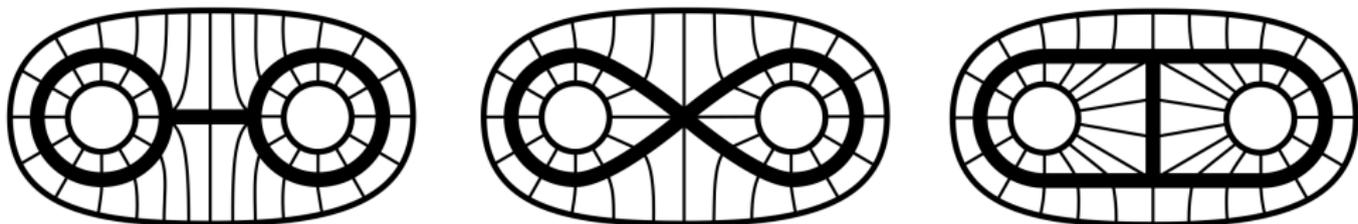
Genus 0	Genus 1	Genus 2
CEFGHIJKLMNSTUVWXYZ	ADOPQR	B

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**Question.** How to make this precise?

## A projection in topology

- ▶ Retraction  $r: X \rightarrow X$  with  $r^2 = r$  Idempotent
- ▶  $r$  is a projection onto its image  $A \subset X$ :  $r(X) = A$  and  $r|_A = \text{id}$  Projection
- ▶ Deformation retraction  $h_t: X \rightarrow X$  with  $h_0 = \text{id}$  and  $h_1 = r$  a retraction; the family  $h_t$  is continuous, i.e.  $X \times [0, 1] \rightarrow X, (x, t) \mapsto h_t(x)$  is continuous  
In topology everything should be continuous

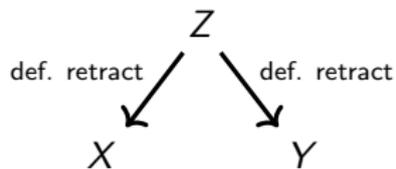


Three deformation retracts of the same space

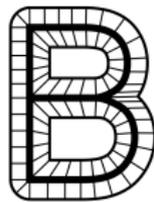
# Equivalent shapes

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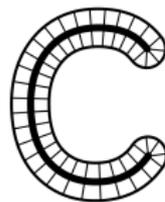
$X \simeq Y$  if  $\exists Z$ , such that



$\simeq$  circle

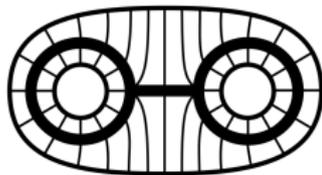


$\simeq$  figure eight

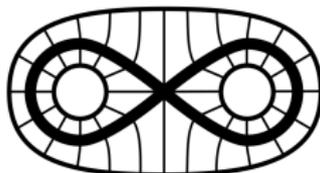


$\simeq$  point

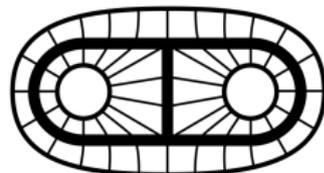
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$\simeq$



$\simeq$



## For completeness: A formal definition

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Two continuous maps  $f, f': X \rightarrow Y$  are homotopic  $f \simeq f'$  if:

- (a) There exists a continuous  $h_t: X \rightarrow Y$  with  $h_0 = f$  and  $h_1 = f'$
- (b)  $X \times [0, 1] \rightarrow Y, (x, t) \mapsto h_t(x)$  is continuous

Two topological spaces  $X, Y$  are homotopy equivalent  $X \simeq Y$  if:

- (a) There exists continuous  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  and  $g: Y \rightarrow X$
- (b)  $gf \simeq \text{id}_X$  and  $fg \simeq \text{id}_Y$

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$X \simeq Y$  if and only if both are homeomorphic to deformation retracts of a space  $Z$

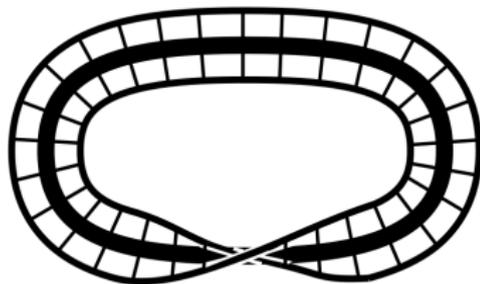
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The correct notion for algebraic topology:

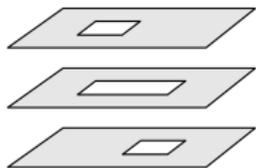
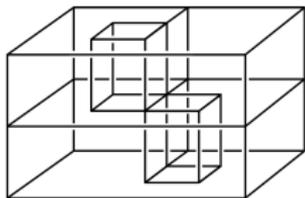
- ▶ Homology and cohomology (singular) are invariant under homotopy
- ▶ The fundamental group and homotopy groups are invariant under homotopy (for reasonable spaces)

## Careful with “equal”

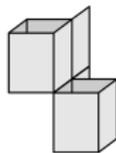
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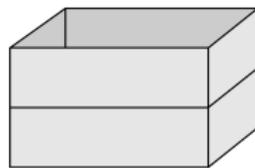
$\simeq$  circle



$\cup$



$\cup$



$\simeq$  point

In topology there is no “obviously correct” version of equal  
Homeomorphic  $\Rightarrow$  homotopic, but not *vice versa* in general

**Thank you for your attention!**

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I hope that was of some help.